



### Biography

Grand Ayatollah Muhammad Asif Muhsini (Sheik Muhsini) was born in 1935, in Kandahar to an ethnic Tajik Shi'a family. He is a Twelver shi'a marja from Afghanistan. In 1949, he went to Pakistan with his father where he learned Urdu. In 1330 to study religious studies, he went to Jaghori district – Ghazni province, and studied literature and logic. In 1332, he went to Najaf, Iraq and completed the lessons and became an Ayatollah. Then he began to study Principles of Jurisprudence with S. Muhsin Al-Hakim, S. Abu al-Qasim al-Khoei, Sheikh Hussein Al-Hilli and S. Abd Al-A'la Sabziwari.

After twelve years of study in Najaf, he returned to Kandahar, and established the great Husseinieh of Kandahar and the Religious school. In April 1979, in Iran with a group of Muslim scholars and figures, he founded the Islamic Movement of Afghanistan (Harakat-I Islami-yi Afghanistan).

In 1992, during the reign of the first Mujahedeen government in Kabul, he was spokesman for the Supreme Council of the Islamic State of Afghanistan. After the civil war among the Mujahedeen groups, he left Kabul and became a resident of Islamabad-Pakistan for several years. Then in 1998, settled in Qom-Iran, where he taught Outside of Jurisprudence and Ilm al-Rijal. He went to Kabul after the fall of the Taliban and has been living in the city since. One of the most important Ayatollah Mohseni's actions in Kabul is the construction of the great scientific and cultural complex of Khatam al-Nabieen. He is also the head of Civilization T.V. Ayatollah Mohseni has written more than 60 books about Islam and religious subjects and jurisprudence. Among his works, "Sūrat al-Hāq" and "Al-Sharia about the Wājibs (Fards) and Harams" are the most important books.